

THE PORTSMOUTH HERALD.

VOL. XVII., NO. 5169

PORTSMOUTH, N. H., FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 6, 1901.

PRICE 2 CENTS

OUR BEST
MAINE CORN
CUT TO
3c. Can. 90c. Dozen.

THIS CORN IS STRICTLY HIGH-GRADE
and is usually sold at 12c. to 15c.

We have several cars of CANNED GOODS
bought to arrive and make the above unusually
low price to close out what we have in stock be-
fore we receive the new goods.

Ames' Branch Butter Store,
35 CONGRESS ST.

Other stores:—Boston, Fitchburg, Quincy, Everett, Leominster, Attleboro,
Gloucester, Clinton, Nashua, Newburyport, Woburn, Dover.

So Parents

We announce our regular clearance sale of
boys' and children's suits for school wear,
including suits for boys of all ages from
four to sixteen.

The prices have been placed at \$1.85 and
\$2.85, or about one-half regular price.

Henry Peyser & Son.

AUTOMOBILE
SUPPLIES

AT

A. P. WENDELL & CO.
2 MARKET SQUARE.

Portsmouth Steam Packet Co.
SEASON OF 1901.

TIME TABLE
Commencing June 20, 1901.

PORTSMOUTH

..... AND

ISLES OF SHOALS.
HOTELS APPLEDORE AND OCEANIC.

STEAMER MERRYCONEAG
EAVES PORTSMOUTH, wharf foot of Deer
Street for Isles of Shoals, at 8:30 and 11:20 A.
M. and 4:40 P. M. SUNDAYS AT 10:45 A. M. and
4:00 P. M.

RETURNING

ISLES OF SHOALS, AT 6:50 AND 9:15 A. M. AND 12:25
P. M. SUNDAYS AT 8:45 A. M. AND 3:30 P. M.

Arrangements for parties can be made on the
Wharf with Willard B. Ellison, General
Manager.

FARE FOR ROUND TRIP 50 CENTS.
GOOD ON DAY OF ISSUE ONLY.

Single Fare 50 Cents.

SEA TRIP AND DINNER.

There will be an excursion and fish dinner at
the Isles of Shoals every Sunday during the
season. Steamer leaves Appledore wharf, foot
of Deer Street, on Market, at 10:45 A. M. Tick-
ets are placed at \$1 for the round trip on the
steamer and dinner at the Oceanic hotel, Star
Inn.

We are now receiving two
cargos of

PORTLAND CEMENT

AND THE

HOFFMAN CEMENT

The only lot of fresh cement in the city

We have the largest stock
and constant shipments en-
sure the newest cements.

J. A. & A. W. WALKER
187 MARKET ST.

ONLY FIRST-CLASS
Upholstery and Mattress Work

F. A. Robbins, - - - 49 Islington St.

Send me a postal and I will call and make
estimates.

Advertise your business through the
columns of the Herald. It pays.

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE

BUSH McLOUD

Evidence Seems to Point Toward Him.

He Frequently Makes Admissions That Are Considered Very Important.

He is believed to be breaking down and a confession would not be a surprise to the authorities.

McCloud Admitted That He Went to
Sleep on the Highway.

Charles McCloud, the young man believed to be responsible for the death of Sarah E. Waldron at Kittery Point on Tuesday evening last, is thought to be breaking down, and it would not surprise the authorities if he confessed before Saturday night, or very soon, in fact.

The coroner's jury and the county attorney are collecting a mass of evidence that tends to connect him with the terrible crime, while he has not produced the least circumstance that goes in his favor.

He has made a damaging confession to Deputy Sheriff Jefferson T. Lewis. McCloud told this official that he hardly knows just what he did do on Tuesday night after he left the car at Hutchings' corner. McCloud told the sheriff: "I can't tell where I was until 3 o'clock the next morning. I guess I have laid down in the road and gone to sleep."

All suspicion against Tony Gerry and Pasquale Charicho, the two Italians who were taken into custody, has been removed and they were allowed to go at Kittery Point this noon. A happier man than the latter would have been hard to find in the town. He took off his hat and shook hands with all the persons he has been brought into company since his detention. He will start for Italy soon.

The stained clothing, the hair found on his clothes, the fact that the coat, vest and jacket had been apparently washed when taken by the officers, the shoes that had been scraped, McCloud's arrival home at three o'clock in the morning after the murder had been committed, the fact that a responsible person saw a man who looked like McCloud getting home at that time, the empty whiskey bottle, which he purchased, full of liquor, at Portsmouth, the fact that he said he was "going back to meet Sadie," his inability to give the least substantial account of himself after he did get off the car—all of these circumstances form a very strong chain of evidence for the state.

McCloud's wife, who is not a bad looking young woman, apparently is trying to tell the truth, and what she has to say does not help her husband in the least. She cannot tell what time it was when he came home. She says he took off all his clothes except a shirt, down stairs, before he came to bed, and that he was down stairs a long time, but she thought he was eating a lunch. She cannot tell whether it was past midnight or not, but she thinks it must have been late, for she had been to sleep a long time before her husband came.

These articles of clothing, worn by McCloud on the night the crime was committed, are considered very important and were shown to the jury today.

Before McCloud was turned over to Deputy Sheriff Lewis he was subjected to a long examination by the coroner's jury and the county attorney. McCloud admitted that he had been to sleep on the highway, but he denied that he had been to sleep on the highway.

The handkerchief was also damp, having the appearance of having been recently washed. On the trousers was found besides the blood stains, a quantity of dirt on the knees, as well as several long hairs from a woman's head.

The examination of the clothing is said to have revealed unmistakable stains of blood on the coat, vest, and trousers, and there were traces of an effort on the part of some one to clean the vest of the tell-tale stains.

The shirt had also been washed and was hanging up to dry when found by the officers. Mrs. McCloud admitted having washed it, but denied having washed the vest.

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WERE LEFT TO PERISH

Cruelty of Abductors of Tampa Cigar Makers.

WERE SEVEN DAYS AT SEA.

Set Down On Honduran Coast With Handful of Provisions, the Labor Leaders' Case Secured Hopeless, Saved by Friendly Savage.

Key West, Fla., Sept. 5.—Like a romance of the old days, when pirates and slaves sailed the Spanish main, was the story told here by the thirteen abducted leaders of the striking cigar makers of Tampa, Fla., on their return from exile. The men, who composed the central committee of the Resistencia union of Tampa, arrived here on a small fruit schooner, the Gertrude, of this port. Marooned on a barren, uninhabited isle off the coast of Honduras, they had by an unexpected turn of fortune escaped death from exposure and starvation and made their way to civilization and safety. They believe it was the intention of their captors that they should never return from exile.

The authorities at Washington have instructed the United States district attorney at Jacksonville, Fla., to make an investigation of the matter. Sworn depositions of the men taken before federal officials have been mailed to Washington.

All Marked by Sufferings.

The party consisted of six Spaniards, six Cubans and one Englishman. The Cubans and the Englishman, however, are naturalized American citizens. The stories they tell are substantially the same, differing only in minor details.

Luis Barcia, who was taken at midnight from the bedside of his wife, whose accouchement had taken place three days before and whose death has since been reported as a result of the shock incident to her husband's sudden disappearance, says he was forced into a closed carriage and taken to the railroad station, where he was put into an electric car, of which the lights were out, the current having been shut off. Eight of his comrades, who had been similarly captured, were put, with himself, into the rear compartment of the car and taken to Ballast Point, a few miles west of Tampa, on Hillsborough bay. Four other members of Resistencia union had previously been taken through the woods in a wagon to the same place, where a tug with steam up awaited them.

Several of the guards on the car, the men say, were prominent citizens of Tampa and well known to them.

Voyage Across the Gulf.

After a brief conference at Ballast Point the thirteen men were dragged aboard the tug, and the start was made amid derisive farewells from the abductors on the dock. The tug headed for the schooner Marie Cooper, which was riding at anchor in the stream with all sails set. The men were transferred to the schooner under a heavy guard. This was on Tuesday night, Aug. 6.

A stiff breeze soon carried them down the bay and out to sea, and long before daylight of the morning following the light on Egmont key, at the entrance to Hillsborough bay, was lost to sight.

On the seventh day land was sighted, and the captives were informed that their destination had been reached. Nearer approach revealed a long, low stretch of sand beach without sign of human habitation.

Robbed Before the Landing.

Boats were lowered and preparations made for landing. Before passing over the schooner's rail each man was subjected to a rigid search and whatever money was found was taken away. This action, however, had been anticipated, and less than \$100 was found, the men having succeeded in evading the vigilance of the guards and concealing greater amounts.

On landing each man received \$5 of the money previously taken from him. A box of soda crackers, two small cans, three cans of beef and about a gallon of water were placed on the bench. The boats then returned to the schooner, which immediately set sail and disappeared in the distance.

Left alone on the beach with their handful of provisions, the thirteen men realized for the first time their situation. They had purchased a revolver, with a few rounds of cartridges, from Captain La Penitence of the Marie Cooper but had no knowledge of the country and had been told they were 120 miles from Truxillo.

Saved by Friendly Indian.

For days they wandered along the beach, husbanding their meager supplies and without encountering a human being or sighting a sail. Their small stock of provisions finally gave out, the water supply was exhausted, their hands and faces were burned by the tropical sun and their feet blistered by long marches. They began to despair of ever reaching home and had almost given up the fight when they were discovered by an Indian. He brought aid, took them to the mainland and guided them to the plantation of Mr. Bruno, where they were well received. Their immediate wants were supplied, and they procured a small boat to take them to Truxillo.

They were told by Mr. Bruno that from the description they gave of the island they had evidently been landed near the mouth of Plantation river.

At Truxillo they had the good fortune to meet two Cubans, formerly residents of Florida and now engaged in fruit culture there, who supplied funds and hired a schooner to take them to Bonaca, where they were equally fortunate to find the schooner Gertrude seeking a cargo of fruit for this market. They chartered her for \$400 and sailed for Key West. Their troubles were over, for their voyage thither proved uneventful.

INFATUATION OF SULTAN.

He is Said to Be Dominated by the Idea of Pan-Islamism.

London, Sept. 5.—A dispatch to The Times from Vienna says the French government's course in the dispute with Turkey meets with the approval of a majority of the powers and also of public opinion in Europe.

The dispatch adds that the sultan's overweening infatuation dates from the anti-Islamic agitation following the Armenian massacres five years ago. He then impressed upon his Moslem subjects that the powers were afraid to interfere. Pan-Islamism was further encouraged by the visit of Emperor William to Constantinople. The idea of a Moslem mission to China profoundly impressed Mohammedans. The sultan is said to be dominated by an absorbing idea of pan-Islamism.

Powers having Mohammedan subjects are pleased with the vigorous course France has taken. They believe that the rupture of diplomatic relations between France and Turkey will serve as a warning.

The Paris correspondent of The Times says rumors that troops have been ordered to Turkey from Toulon are not taken seriously in the capital.

The Times in an inspired comment suggests that the fact that the sultan at first apparently yielded to the pressure exercised by France was due to the announcement that the French fleet was approaching Ottoman waters. Instead of going there the fleet returned to Toulon for the maneuvers and review, and the sultan then receded from the position he had taken.

Door Sounder for Independence.

Boston, Sept. 5.—In spite of the strenuous efforts of Boston yachtsmen and business men to prevent the destruction of the independence the work of carrying out Mr. Lawson's avowed purpose was begun yesterday afternoon. All the light fixtures and tackle of the boat above deck were taken down and off the boat and were stored in the yard of Lawley, the builder of the would be defender. Captain Hall conducted these operations with melancholy mien, and his voice was decidedly husky as he expressed his extreme regret at the mowthard end of the car and taken to Ballast Point a few miles west of Tampa, on Hillsborough bay. Four other members of Resistencia union had previously been taken through the woods in a wagon to the same place, where a tug with steam up awaited them.

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RENEGADE CAPTURED.

Said to Have Led Filipinos Who Killed Lawton.

Manila, Sept. 5.—Lieutenant Hazzard of the Third cavalry has brought in here Arthur Howard, the American deserter, who was recently captured by the Lieutenant while in command of some Macabebu scouts in the island of Mindoro. He was placed in jail and will shortly be court-martialed.

Howard denies that he was ever an American soldier. He claims he was born in Spain, that his father was English and his mother Spanish, but that he espoused the cause of the Filipinos. In 1896, after peace was declared, he says he went to Hongkong and returned in 1898 as Aguinaldo's chief of artillery.

While in that position, Howard says, he made friends with many Americans before the insurrection, including General Green. He claims he cast his lot with Aguinaldo at the time of the rupture with the Americans and that he brought in sixteen American prisoners under a flag of truce at Angeles in September, 1899.

Howard denies that he commanded the force at San Mateo which killed General Lawton.

He speaks like an educated Englishman. Lieutenant Hazzard says he himself saw Howard at Angeles in 1899. Two former California volunteers yesterday identified Howard as a deserter from their regiment named Wallie of Company A, who deserted in 1899.

To Refine Cuban Sugar.

New Orleans, Sept. 5.—It is made known that the Gramercy Sugar company, owning the Gramercy refinery, just above New Orleans, and which is composed almost entirely of New York capitalists, has decided not to refine the Louisiana sugar crop in future, but to bring all the raw sugar used in the refinery from Cuba. To that end it has just purchased for \$2,000,000 the Conchita plantation of 65,000 acres near Cienfuegos. The plantation produced 50,000,000 pounds of sugar just before the troubles in Cuba.

Golf Murder Suspects Discharged.

New York, Sept. 5.—At the conclusion of the coroner's inquest at Mount Vernon, N. Y., on the murder of David Steward, and John Stevens, head warden of the Swaney club last Saturday night, Buckingham and Williams, suspects, were discharged, and Warner Shum, a waiter, was held to the grand jury. The murder is still a mystery.

Stikta Indians Lawless.

Washington, Sept. 5.—In a letter written at Sitka, Aug. 19, Governor Brady of Alaska reports to the interior department a general carnival and rioting among the natives at Yakutat, an Indian settlement 250 miles north of Sitka, which is the headquarters for an important Swedish missionary and educational enterprise.

Sampson's Health Improved.

Washington, Sept. 5.—Captain Lemley, judge advocate general of the navy and legal advocate of the Schley court of inquiry, has received a letter from Mrs. William T. Sampson in which she said that Admiral Sampson's condition was improving and that he would make every effort to appear at the Schley investigation.

BRIEF NEWS NOTES.

The Methodist ecumenical conference has opened in London.

The German cruiser Wacht was sunk after a collision with the battleship Sachsen.

At Granite, Okla., a gusher of oil has been struck at a depth of 330 feet. The flow is very heavy, and the discovery has created great excitement.

There were 12,298 deaths in New York state during the month of July, according to the monthly bulletin of the state health commissioner.

A disastrous fire started by a spark from a Santa Fe engine caused a property loss of \$100,000 in Emporia, Kan. Three hundred yards and a church were burned, and it is said that Chief Humphreys of the fire department perished in the flames.

Diamonds and other valuables worth \$25,000, which were recently slipped into the country by a prominent Chinese man on his return from Europe without the payment of duty, have been seized by a special agent of the treasury department in Chicago.

Three Killed in Landslide.

Cleveland, O., Sept. 5. Three men were killed and three others seriously injured in a landslide at the new Lake Shore bridge over the boulevard entrance to Gordon park. Seven hundred tons of earth, loosened by the flood of Sunday, suddenly slid down from the bank, burying a force of laborers engaged in work on the bridge. The comrades of those who were buried immediately began the work of rescue, but it was nearly two and a half hours before the last body was dug out.

Shot His Father-in-Law.

Philadelphia, Sept. 5. Henry Gantschi, a well-known musical instrument dealer of this city, was murdered yesterday night by his son-in-law, Jacob Psedlofner, at Chestnut Hill, a suburb of this city. The latter shot his father-in-law three times. Psedlofner claims that Gantschi took his wife from him because he was poor and would not recognize him as his son-in-law. Gantschi will probably recover.

Protest Against British Coal Tax.

London, Sept. 5.—At the meeting of the British Association of Chambers of Commerce at Newcastle a resolution was introduced protesting against the export coal tax. It admitted that the industry was flourishing, but declared that the trade should not be hampered at a time when foreign nations owing coalfields were fostering the industry to the greatest extent possible.

Attempt to Burn Chicago Theater.

Chicago, Sept. 5.—An attempt was made to burn the Orpheum theater. There was an explosion, and the firemen found traces of powder and gasoline. The theater has been in litigation for six months. Hurst & Seaman of New York were ousted in the winter for nonpayment of rent. Louis Houseman heads the company now in possession.

Sawman Recalls Munir Bey.

Constantinople, Sept. 5.—Munir Bey, Turkish ambassador to France, who is now in Switzerland, has been ordered to return to Constantinople.

MEN AS THEY PASS.

Henry Watterson began business after the war on \$50 obtained by pawn his watch.

Buffalo Bill long lived in Nebraska, but is now resident of Wyoming, where his home town, in Big Horn county, is named Cody in his honor.

Judge Charles Carroll Goodwin has been editor of the Salt Lake Tribune for more than 20 years. As a writer and speaker he is popular and influential in his state.

Hubbard E. McDonald, the journal clerk of the United States senate, is the third of his family to hold the place, his father and grandfather preceding him in it.

Giuseppe Zanardelli, the new Italian premier, has been in public life 40 years and has been in many cabinets, but has never been premier before. He is regarded as wise, strong and patriotic.

When John Pierpont Morgan travels,

he has a train of five most elegantly appointed coaches at his disposal. Instead of merely a private car, he has a whole train that is under his exclusive control.

John Alexander Condie Stephen, who has been for many years British minister resident at Dresden, is about to retire from the diplomatic service, and has been appointed a groom in waiting to King Edward.

Congressman Charles B. Landis, the Indiana orator, is a self-made statesman. These are his own words: "I pitched my as a lad, worked in a gravel pit in my youth and attended college only when I reached manhood."

Herman lives in what was the handsome courthouse of Garfield county, Kan., and it didn't cost him a cent. When the county organization was given up and the boom town burst, Herman simply homesteaded the courthouse quarter section and moved in.

President Barber of the Diamond Match company has presented to the town of Barberville, O., which he found, a park of 200 acres, which he will lay out at a cost of \$100,000. He is planning for himself a \$250,000 residence, which is to become a hospital after his death.

THE WHIRL OF FASHION.

Pink in lovefest unctions is a notably favored color this season. Taffeta again takes its place as a favorite lining for skirts and bodices.

Delicate pieces of very fine gold, pearl and opal jewelry are now worn with elegance all white evening toilets.

The tufting of fabrics of every description has become a fine art. Rows of perfectly laid tufts on a gown are one of the most economical ways of trimming it.

New French sleeveless princess dresses shaped very much like the old style poulardine, but very frequently fastened at the back, are enumerated among the list of early autumn evening dresses.

Tucking is now employed on gowns appropriate to wearers of every age from the infant in arms to the grandmother in cap and spectacles—if caps, by the way, were not condemned in these days to total obscurity and longnettes substituted for "specs" by youthful attired "grandmamas."

STRIKE IS SETTLED.

One of the steel officials made this brief statement: "Nothing was accomplished by the conference. The strike is just in the same position as before it was held. Future action is with the strikers. I do not know of anything that is to be done. The steel corporation has restated its position, and the men themselves must elect what they will do."

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The press, however, says that it is able to give the conclusions reached at the conference and also to predict its prediction on the same authority that the terms as suggested tentatively in the conference will be accepted and that the steel strike soon will be settled formally.

The offer of the United States Steel corporation, made through President Schawb, was as follows:

"That all men return to work at once on the basis that all union mills be continued as such and that all mills which the Amalgamated association succeeded in keeping closed be classed as union mills. Further, that all non-union mills remain nonunion mills, except those that were closed continuously."

In explanation it was said that a mill should be considered open if a certain number of men were active in it during the strike and if its output reached a certain limit. Just what limit, if any, had been fixed could not be ascertained.

LARGE SUM FOR CHARITY.

WOMAN AND HOME.

A WOMAN WHO HAS EXPLORED MANY STRANGE LANDS.

The Killing Monotony of Housekeeping—Those Gentle Ancestresses, The Household Maid—Advice to Nervous Women.

Mrs. Theodore Bent is one of the most prominent members of that little band of eminent ladies who, fearing nothing, spend the greater portion of their time exploring uncivilized lands in the pursuit of knowledge. For years now Mrs. Bent has been engaged in travel. In the company of her distinguished husband she risked her life a hundred times, and since his death she has been no less active.

Mrs. Bent has visited, among other distant places, Persia, Asia Minor, Abyssinia, Arabia, Mashonaland and the Su-



MRS. THEODORE BENT.

dan. One of her most memorable exploits was that which she accomplished in the first named country.

"Riding on horseback," said Mrs. Bent, "we went right across Persia and over the Caucasus. Our object was to make excavations in some islands in the Persian gulf."

Persia, to say the least of it, is not a land of milk and honey for the lady traveler, yet Mrs. Bent did not seem to think it marvelous that she was able to tell the tale.

"Our mission took us quite off the beaten track," she said, "and the meeting with the wild, wandering tribes that abounded in the west of Persia was of daily occurrence, but we had the protection of the shah, who ordered the secretary of his grand vizier to accompany us. The various governors were made responsible for our safety. Thus when we passed from one governor's territory to another the latter had to give a receipt for our lives. On crossing each border a flock of horsemen came galloping up to take charge of us. It was a most interesting journey, performed at the rate of about 20 miles a day. Our food, beds, tables and chairs we carried with us, and, of course, a cook. We slept where we could."

Killing Monotony of Housekeeping.

Statistics of New Hampshire and other state farms tell an amazing tale of the women who have been conquered by the deadly monotony of their lives. Cases of insanity have been so frequent as to claim public attention and invite an investigation, and it was found that living far from neighbors, thereby being cut off from social intercourse and having no interests outside of the weary round of household duties, had turned the brains of many of the women, generally young wives who had thoughtlessly accepted the fate without realizing much beyond the affection that they conceived for the good looking young tillers of the soil.

There is nothing like a hobby to keep men and women up to the treadmills which sum up human life. All extraordinary workers have felt this instinctively and turned to some one pursuit for recreation, something entirely foreign to the principal interest of life. It has served to keep them healthy mentally and has given them greater power of endurance.

Housework has been the bane of feminine existence for years. It was to relieve the monotony that clubs came into being, and they were welcomed with such cordiality that the home life came to suffer through them. The women became club mad and joined everything in sight until the monotony of club meetings adjusted matters to the satisfaction of everybody. Housekeeping is still a matter of routine—it must always be—but its monotony has been broken up by the good sense of women who have the club libraries, magazines suited to their needs and hobbies to ride, in or out of public.

Those Gentle Ancestresses.

It is pleasant to see that as the physical development of woman is going forward rapidly it is not ridden by a coarse brutality of the kind that makes prize-fighting. Indeed, it seems that if the present boom for athletics for women had some two centuries ago there might have been some danger of prize-fighting shows being given on a large scale by the fair sex. Such is the inference from the following advertisement, culled from a production printed in 1722. The challenge reads:

"I, Elizabeth Wilkinson of Clerkenwell, having had some words with Hannah Hyfield and requiring satisfaction, do invite her to meet me upon the stage and box me for 3 guineas, each woman holding half a crown in her hand and the first woman that drops the money to lose the battle."

And the answer to this matter of fact challenge is as follows:

"I, Hannah Hyfield of Newgate market, hearing of the resoluteness of Elizabeth Wilkinson, will not fail, God willing, to give her more blows than words, desiring home blows and from her no favor; she may expect a good thumbing."

The peculiar part of the challenge is the stipulation that each woman should hold half a crown in each hand, but the reason of this is not hard to divine. It was to prevent their scratching, for if they so much as opened their hands to do so they dropped their half crowns and forfeited the battle."

And the Household Maid.

A neat, attractive looking housemaid adds to the dignity of an establishment. Unless she is too far gone in vanity she does her work better than the disengaged homely girl. Attractiveness is not

a thing of eyes and hair and features in general, but is an all pervading expression of self respect and neatness. The slovenly girl lacks true self respect, and if she is willing to open her mistress' front door in soiled apron and torn dress it is very evident that she has not a proper respect for her mistress.

It has been my good fortune, said an elderly woman, to have always employed attractive servants. They are more amenable to discipline, they do not have occasion to worry about their looks and are consequently more cheerful. When the term "biped girl" shall have passed into disuse and the maid of honor comes to her own, when house service shall be relegated to its true place in sociology and ethics, when the duties upon which the well being of ourselves and many whom we cherish depend are elevated to the vocation of the saleswoman who "has hours," then will there be inaugurated a reform against barriers that are none the less because invisible. When the maid of the household shall be one of the household in a sense of mutual sympathy and interest, when her comfort and welfare may not be unworthy the eye or thought of her employer, then will there be a finer loyalty and perchance a better service.—Chicago Post.

Costumes of French Children.

Children in France are simply dressed. Satin and sealskins, so common in America for children even of moderately wealthy parents, are never seen on French children. Little girls are dressed in lawns, muslins or cashmeres, which may be exquisitely embroidered, but are never showy, and boys in cloth, linen or velvet. Great attention is paid to the minor details of their dress. Children in France all wear short socks, appearing just above their shoe tops, while the rest of the leg is bare. Their shoes are usually in light colors, and the tops of their socks in gay prints or other designs, which give to their feet and limbs a dainty appearance.

Their hats are always picturesque, copied in many instances from old pictures. Anything stiff is carefully avoided, and dots of 3 wear gloves to match their dresses or suits even when at play. It is this ensemble which gives French children their dainty appearance. Little boys' clothes are made quite different from those for the small boy in America. Their trousers are gathered in at the knee, and their coats are long with belts and buckles, and a luxury in vest, collars and cuffs, which are often hand embroidered in marvelous designs. The way of dressing little boys in France is even more picturesque than that of the little girls, yet the differences are not enormous from the American fashions for children and may be easily copied.

What the Lips Tell.
Well defined and developed lips, the outlines of which are rounded out, denote a tender heart, amiable and sympathetic disposition.

Lips with coarse outlines indicate a want of refinement.

The lower lip, according to its fullness, freshness in appearance and width, indicates benevolence and liberality. A pale, shriveled and narrow lower lip would show a decided want of these qualities.

Well closed lips indicate discretion. If the upper lip is long in addition to being pressed down firmly upon the lower lip, it shows power of both mental and physical endurance. People with long, firm upper lips disregard the opinions of other people and are both dignified and proud.

When the upper lip is very short and when the middle teeth of the top row are constantly exposed, a fondness for adoration and praise is indicated.

When the corners of the mouth descend, despondent disposition, prone to dwell upon the serious side of life, is indicated. When the corners turn up, however, in the form of a Cupid's bow, the possessor is of a bright, cheerful nature, always finding a silver lining to every cloud and seeing good in everything.

Personage Woman Critic.

Do you chance to know that a woman critic is feared—yes, actually feared—in her own household? asks a writer in the Boston Herald. No doubt she fancies that she is performing a very worthy mission when she recognizes the fact that, being known as "just critic" among those that are nearest and dearest to her, they make evident efforts to come up to her expectations. But right here I want to tell the "just critic" a secret. It is possible, you know, that those who are trying to live up to the faulty critic's demands resort to deception sometimes. Better, far better, is it for the family critic to be known as generous rather than just. The women who are falling into the habit of criticizing is very apt to see the worst rather than the best in her neighbors. It is so easy to forget the "diamond in the flaw." It is rather a strange thing that when we may draw so much happiness from the good that we may see just by overlooking the shortcomings we still persist in keeping our gaze fixed on the flaws. Somehow we so persistently remember the evil that we hear rather than the good and many times make it impossible for folks to refute themselves in our eyes by holding ourselves aloof because as critics we are certain we have reached just conclusions.

Advice to Nervous Women.

A practical hint or two may be useful to those who have no appetite or desire for food and yet ought to take it. Have nothing to do with the choice, preparation or service of your meals. If you have a fancy for something tell the household purveyor, but let it come to you unexpected. The woman who orders a dinner has eaten it before it reaches the table. If she cooks it too, then she has eaten it twice. Is it any wonder she has no appetite for a third course of it?

A radical change in the hours of meals will sometimes help to provoke appetite, such as taking the chief meal of the day an hour earlier or later or transferring it from midday to evening or vice versa.

To rest before meals so as to come fresh and untired to table is good, and rest after meals is a great help to weak digestion.

In cases where it is almost impossible for the patient to take food for herself she will often take enough without trouble if she is actually fed by another person.—Dr. Mitchell in Harper's Bazaar.

Blessed Be Hot Water.

Hot water tippers are convinced that they have found a cure all for the average ill. When tired, drink it as a tonic. When hot and thirsty, drink it as a cooler, for it never disappoints, and, dear me, how cheap it is and how good when one has formed the habit!

Headache almost always yields to the simultaneous application of hot water to the feet and back of the neck.

A towel folded, dipped in hot water,

quickly wrung out and applied quickly over the seat of pain will in most cases promptly relieve pain and neuralgia. A strip of flannel or towel folded several times lengthwise and dipped in hot water, then slightly wrung out and applied about the neck of a child suffering with an acute attack of croup will usually relieve the sufferer in the course of ten minutes if the flannel is kept hot.

It has been my good fortune, said an elderly woman, to have always employed attractive servants. They are more amenable to discipline, they do not have occasion to worry about their looks and are consequently more cheerful. When the term "biped girl" shall have passed into disuse and the maid of honor comes to her own, when house service shall be relegated to its true place in sociology and ethics, when the duties upon which the well being of ourselves and many whom we cherish depend are elevated to the vocation of the saleswoman who "has hours," then will there be inaugurated a reform against barriers that are none the less because invisible. When the maid of the household shall be one of the household in a sense of mutual sympathy and interest, when her comfort and welfare may not be unworthy the eye or thought of her employer, then will there be a finer loyalty and perchance a better service.—Chicago Post.

What Not to Wear.

White petticoats on muddy days. Cheap jewelry any time.

Bright red with florid complexion.

Candidly with a stout figure.

A plain basque on a slim figure.

Cheerful trimmings on a good dress.

Cheerful lace on anything.

Diamonds in the daytime.

Linen collars with dressy frocks.

Picture hats with outing costumes.

Theater bonnets with street suits.

Soiled white gloves on, a shopping expedition or any time.

Worn shoes with an elaborate toilet.

A linen collar that is not immaculately fresh.

Dotted veils with weak eyes.

Gloves with holes in or boots with buttons missing.

Hair dressed high with a saucy nose.

Hair in a Psyche knot with a Roman nose.

Pointed shoes when bicycling.

Gaudy colors in cheap materials.

The new light sleeve on a long, thin arm.

Tan shoes in midwinter.

A long, draggled skirt on a rainy day.

Lace ruffles or chiffon ruches for work or school.

Elaborate toilets for church.

Undidy frocks for breakfast.

Horizontal stripes or ticks on a stout figure.—Leslie's Weekly.

Jan MacLaren on Mothers.

Jan MacLaren, in the Christian Endeavor World, pays the following beautiful tribute to mothers:

"The person to whom you owe more than you can ever pay or even imagine is your mother. She endured more for you, served you more patiently, loved you more fondly, thought of you more bravely, than any other person you have known on earth or will ever know, save your wife or your husband, if, indeed, they can always be excepted. If your mother be spared to you, then are you bound to make her a first charge on your life, as you desire a peaceful conscience, and as you shall answer before the judgment seat of God. She must be encompassed with every observance of comfort and honor and gentleness and love, with sacrifices also, if so be it will please her, that she may always be excepted. If your mother be spared to you, then are you bound to make her a first charge on your life, as you desire a peaceful conscience, and as you shall answer before the judgment seat of God. 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FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 6, 1901.

Sir Henry Irving, who has recently been obliged to watch his finances closely, has just been honored with a degree from a Dublin university. Sir Henry must not expect to have all the joys of life at once.

Senator Clark's copper mine is said to produce a million dollars a month. Mr. Clark, however, appears to be one of the men with whom money is not so much a personal luxury as it is an munition for a fight.

The Filipinos who are now added to the Philippine commission will not be able to form a majority of that body, since they are three in number to the American's five, but in case of a disagreement they will hold the balance of power, and in any case will be able to present to the commission a knowledge of the needs and demands of the native people of the islands. Their inclusion in the commission is most significant from the fact that no Filipino has ever before had a part in the supreme government of the islands.

It is likely that the public will be put in possession of a forecast of the democratic future at the annual picnic of the Jacksonian club of Omaha on September 21. Among the speakers will be Mr. Bryan, Senator Culberson of Texas and Governor McMillin of Tennessee. Mr. Hill was not invited to be present. There would be greater public interest in the oratorical fete if representative men of each of the two great factions of the democratic party were to be allowed free speech. There is a suspicion that this coming Demo-thesis picnic of the Jacksonian club will merely be an effort to prolong the existing prominence of Mr. Bryan. The principal orators thus far announced, Messrs. Culberson and McMillin, are from states that will probably be democratic no matter who the party's national nominer and what the party's national platform may be.

There is nothing to fight about in South America, or at any rate nothing to argue about; but that does not mean that there is not much to quarrel about, and that war may not come of it. In fact, it looks more as if war might come of it now than at any time before. Neither Colombia on the one hand nor Venezuela, Ecuador, Costa Rica and Nicaragua on the other, could give any better reason for taking the field than that the other side has done so or threatens to do so. There is no legitimate issue on which either party will join or "accept service." The governments on both sides have countenanced and probably aided unlawful attacks on each other. They have been in the "Jameson raid" business on a large scale and none of them could make a presentable showing in an international court of honor. They know it and that is what causes their apparent reluctance to fling down a formal gage of battle. If their reluctance indicated a really conservative spirit, the prospect would be better. But each in its proclamations and pronunciamientos has seemed more solicitous to fasten the initial provocation on the other than to maintain that forbearing attitude which might produce peace. Such apparently in the significant memorandum of explanation issued by Venezuela to the world. Realizing the moral advantage to itself, it seeks to lay the blame upon Colombia. And it seems to anticipate war.

CROP AND CLIMATE SERVICE.

Report of the New England Section of the Department of Agriculture.

The report of the New England section of the department of agriculture, on the condition of crops and the weather, for the past week is as follows:

The weather conditions of the week

have been normal and seasonable in all respects. Clear skies with abundance of sunshine prevailed until the 31st, followed during the remainder of the week by generally cloudy weather. The sunshine and fair weather were much needed, and have been of much benefit to all crops.

All crops have been improved by the sunshine and seasonably high temperature. The weather has been most favorable for the maturing and ripening of fruit, grain and grass, and their harvesting. In parts of Connecticut there is some complaint of excessive moisture causing mildew and injury to vegetable and other crops on low ground, but with this exception the ground is in excellent condition for farm work and crops. In parts of Maine plowing for fall crops has commenced.

Corn continues to make an excellent growth, and all correspondents report it to be in the finest condition, and that the crop will be large. Picking and canning of sweet corn has commenced in Maine, New Hampshire and Vermont, and the crop is of excellent quality. Field corn has commenced to harden; some fields have been cut and shocked and others will be soon. Ensilage corn has made an enormous growth, and its cutting and filling of silos has been begun in many parts of the section. Wheat has been harvested in an excellent condition in Aroostook county, Me. Oats are reported to be a light to fair crop.

Cutting and curing of the second crop of grass has been general during the week, and with few exceptions it is reported to be a heavy crop. Grass lands and pastures are green and in good condition. Fall feed and pasture are good, and stock are in excellent condition. No complaint of grasshoppers has been made except in Sullivan county, where they are reported to have caused considerable damage on grass.

Apples continue to drop badly; nearly all reports state that they are wormy and will be a light crop. Peaches are now rotting badly in Connecticut from the effects of the cloudy, foggy, humid weather of the preceding week; there will be much loss from brown rot, and the crop will be less than expected. In other parts of New England where peaches are grown the reports are favorable. Plums and pears are reported to be a light to fair crop, although in parts of the section there is complaint of rot in plums and also in grapes.

The potato crop is generally reported to be light, although reports vary to some extent. In some sections there is little or no rust or rot; in others, potatoes are rusting badly. In Aroostook county, Me., potatoes are reported to be of good size and fine quality. Onions and celery are fair to good; melons and squashes have been injured by blight.

OBITUARY.
Mrs Carrie R. Cole

Mrs Carrie R. Cole, aged 35, postmistress of Hampton, died Thursday morning of cancer of the stomach. She was born in Hampton, Aug. 2, 1866, the only daughter of the late Moses and Rebecca Godfrey Leavitt. Nov. 5, 1891, she was married to Myron W. Cole, who at the time of his sudden death from pneumonia in January, 1900, was in his second term as postmaster of Hampton. Mrs. Cole was appointed to serve out his term. In connection with the office she conducted the town's news agency. She was a member of the Congregational church and a most estimable woman.

Capt. Franklin F. Davis.

Capt. Franklin F. Davis of Dover, aged 65, died Thursday morning at his residence on Sixth street, Dover, as the result of a shock of paralysis sustained two years ago. Capt. Davis was a native of Farmington, but had been a resident of Dover nearly fifty years. He enlisted in the Union service Aug. 13, 1862, at Portsmouth, as a seaman, and served a year on the U. S. S. Ohio and the U. S. S. Osprey. In 1864 he enlisted in the Strafford guards and served until the company was discharged in July of that year. Later he was chosen captain of the Dover artillery company and remained its captain until the company was disbanded ten years ago. He is a lawyer by profession.

OBITUARY.
The funeral of Miss Carrie E. Noyes was held from the Congregational church at Newington Thursday afternoon at 2:30 and was largely attended by relatives and friends. Rev. Mr. Small, pastor of the Congregational church, officiated. Miss Noyes was employed by the late William P. Walker, the tailor, for many years as seamstress. The floral tokens were profuse and beautiful. Interment was in the family lot at Newington cemetery by Undertaker O. W. Ham.

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The weather conditions of the week

FISHED WITH LINCOLN.

How "Old Abe" Killed Time on Stumping Tour at Exeter.

Gen. William P. Chadwick of Exeter, head of the late Kearsarge testimonial commission, received a pleasant call from a former townsmen, William Wainwright, secretary of the association of the survivors of the crew of the old Kearsarge in her engagement with the Alabama. In the course of conversation Mr. Wainwright related this interesting incident.

One afternoon in 1858 Mr. Wainwright sat on the bank of Exeter river near the mill pondstock, fishing for eels. They were biting eagerly and Mr. Wainwright was kept busy in tending his two poles.

Little in the afternoon he noticed standing on Great bridge a stranger, who appeared deeply interested in the fishing and soon came to Mr. Wainwright's side and asked the privilege of sharing in the sport.

Mr. Wainwright promptly handed him one of his poles, and the two fished on with good luck. As the afternoon was closing the stranger broke his pole, an older brough, and vainly tried to make Mr. Wainwright some compensation. That evening there was a political meeting in the town hall, which Mr. Wainwright attended. Great was his surprise to recognize in the speaker his fellow-fisherman of the afternoon, Abraham Lincoln. Mr. Wainwright relates that he did not keep the broken alder pole.

AT CHRIST CHURCH.

A devotional service for communants was held at Christ church on Thursday evening. Directly at its conclusion, a very pleasant social gathering took place in the guild room. It was quite informal and therefore was all the more enjoyable. It was participated in by a large number.

IN AID OF THE STEEL STRIKERS.

The Portsmouth branch of the Granite Cutters' union are to give a grand ball in Philbrick hall next Thursday evening for the benefit of the steel strikers. The affair is in the hands of an energetic committee, who are hustling to make it a great success.

"C. C. C." on Every Tablet.

Every tablet of Cascarets Candy Cathartic bears the famous C. C. C. Never sold in bulk. Look for it and accept no other. Beware of fraud. All druggists, inc.

PAINTERS ATTENTION.

Journeyman painters of Portsmouth, desirous of joining the Union, are requested to meet at G. A. R. Hall, Daniel street at 7:30 p. m. sharp, this Friday evening, for the purpose of organizing. Come prepared financially.

PER ORDER OF THE PRESIDENT.

The Exeter correspondent of the Boston Globe says that Gen. William P. Chadwick has been urged by many of the foremost republicans in the state to be a candidate for governor in the coming campaign, but has as yet made no decision in the matter. Not yet forty, Mr. Chadwick was a leader in the two legislatures preceding the present, was a close advocate general on Gov. Rollins' staff, and was the chairman of the late Kearsarge testimonial commission. He is a lawyer by profession.

THE OPHIR'S CRUISE.

ST. VINCENT, CAPE DE VERDE ISLANDS, Sept. 5.—The Royal yacht Ophir, with the Duke and Duchess of Cornwall and York on board, and escorted by the British cruisers Diadem and Niobe, sailed today for Quebec. According to the programme, the Ophir is due to arrive at Halifax on September 16th and at Quebec on the 21st.

CALLING SCHLEY'S WITNESSES

WASHINGTON, Sept. 5.—Telegrams were sent out by the navy department today to fifteen witnesses asked for by Admiral Schley for the approaching inquiry, to proceed to Washington for the purpose of conferring with the admiral's attorneys. About all are located in the east, most of them in Newport, Philadelphia and New York.

HOTEL BALCONY COLLAPSED.

VICTORIA, B. C., Sept. 6.—The steam and Mierow brings news of a serious accident that happened in Quidi Vidi last month. The Imperial hotel balcony collapsed while 150 people were on it, and it is estimated that eighteen sustained broken limbs, while forty nine others were more or less seriously hurt.

BOARDING AT HOME.

This signature is on every box of the genuine Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets the remedy that cures a cold in one day

THE SHOALS MEETINGS.

A Lively Interest in the Matters of the Woman's Federation.

The meetings of the N. H. Federation of Women's clubs continued to be of intense interest to the members gathered at the Shoals throughout the day and evening of Thursday and many clubs throughout the state will feel the influence of that day's deliberations in their work during the coming year.

The business meeting and council, held at 9 a. m., spent much time considering the advisability of attempting through the state federation, to introduce courses of civics into the public schools with direct bearing upon civil and municipal reform, and the matter was placed in the hands of a committee of which Miss Martha Kimball of Portsmouth is the representative of the Grafton club.

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Another matter of considerable discussion was a change in the taxation and consequent representation of the individual clubs in the state federation.

The social meeting of the evening was the crowning event of the delightful gathering when Mrs. Walda Richards of Boston, so well and favorably known in Portsmouth, gave readings from Jas. Whitcomb Riley, Ruth McEvoy Stuart, Rudyard Kipling and others. Her rendition of Riley's story of a bear as told by the boy himself was given by request and was the happiest selection in her exquisite repertoire.

In connection with the program given by Mrs. Richards were musical numbers by Miss Alice Hanscom and Mrs. Owen, both of Portsmouth. Miss Hanscom's execution was as usual a delight and won much deserved praise. Mrs. Owen was never in better voice and her selections were admirably suited to her fine contralto which together with her charming simplicity of manner was the comment of the evening while Mr. Doolittle proved a perfect accompanist.

Resolutions were passed and accepted, in which every one was included, not forgetting the manager of the Oceanic, Mr. C. S. Ramsdell, to whose courteous attention the ladies were much indebted for both comfort and pleasure.

It was a matter of regret that so few Portsmouth ladies availed themselves of the opportunity of consulting with the club women of other parts of the state regarding the best work to be undertaken.

The club movement is neither a fad nor a folly but a widely spread educational movement which has enlisted the efforts of the best and most intelligent women of the United States and England. Without social aspirations or prejudices the club offers to all women the result of combined effort for the advancement along educational, art, science, economics or ethics, and it asks every intelligent woman in the land to unite in the effort to bring into every community some advantages and privileges which could not be obtained in any other way.

The great work undertaken and carried out by the N. H. State Federation during the past year was the passage of a bill appropriating money for the erection of a home and school for deficient children. The success of this undertaking was due largely to the untiring efforts of Mrs. Bancroft of Concord, the former president, and Mrs. Blodgett of Franklin, the present president of the N. H. Federation of Women's clubs.

Among those in attendance at the meeting were Mrs. Micah Dyer of Boston, Mr. and Mrs. Yardley of Sunapee and Orange, N. H., Mrs. O. C. Moore of Nashua and Mrs. Olive Rand Clark of Manchester.

How Are Your Kidneys?

Dr. Hobart's Sprague Pills are all that can be desired. Add. Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or N. Y.



ELECTRICITY

Fishing with electric light rays for bait is the latest feat of science, says the New York Journal. The inventors of the light that is to rob the sea of its inhabitants say it will revolutionize the fishing industry. The Captains Courageous whose praise Kipling has sung are to be no more. Instead, a handful of electricians will go down to the sea, press a button, and, lo, hundreds of fish, drawn by an irresistible power, will find themselves hopping around the deck of a boat.

This power is the Yale marine arc light. Its inventors are Irving A. Bur-

PORTSMOUTH'S SECRET AND SOCIAL SOCIETIES.

WHEN AND WHERE THEY MEET.

A Guide for Visitors and Members.

OAK CASTLE, NO. 4, K. C. B.

Meets at Hall, Peirce Block, High St., Second and Fourth Wednesdays of each month. Officers—Willis B. Mathes, P. C.; Robert M. Herrick, N. C.; Allison L. Phinney, V. C.; Charles C. Charlson, H. P.; Fred Heisler, V. H.; Fred Gardner, K. of E.; Charles W. Hanscom, C. of E.; Samuel R. Gardner, M. of K.; George P. Knight, S. H.

OSGOOD LODGE, NO. 48, I. O. O. F.

Meets in Odd Fellows' Hall every Thursday evening at 7:30 o'clock. Officers—Frederic B. Higgins, N. G.; Charles J. Pendexter, V. G.; Howard Anderson, Sec.; Edwin B. Prime, Treas.; Albert C. Plumer, Fin. Sec.

The Degree Flag will be displayed when degrees are to be conferred. Watch for it. All Odd Fellows not members of the Lodge are cordially invited to attend the Lodge meetings and are assured a cordial greeting.

A WHISKY TRAIN.

The various jobbing houses in the east are now prepared to fill orders for the famous Fine Old KY. TAYLOR WHISKY.

The latest shipment of Whisky in cases, in the history of the Wine and Spirit trade has not arrived in Boston from the distillers, WRIGHT & TAYLOR, Louisville, Ky.

This shipment consists of four carloads of KY. TAYLOR WHISKY, containing 250 cases, and an advance car containing 350 cases, a total of 600 cases.

On May 1st, 1901, 500 cases of KY. TAYLOR WHISKY were distributed as follows:

C. L. Richardson & Co., Boston, 400 cases

John Lyons & Co., " 100 "

Eastern Dist. Co., " 100 "

J. K. Magillion & Co., " 100 "

Middlebury, " 50 "

R. H. Hirshfield, 31 Doane St., Boston, New England Agent.

Trade and Families Supplied by the Globe Grocery Company.

DON'T TOBACCO SPIT and SMOKE Your Lifeway!

"During our first year in Colorado, I sold the ex-raunchman's wife, "my daughter and myself were desperately lame, and for my own I urged my husband to try for my own and I urged a piano brought there. A Colorado ranch was then much farther from any point of civilization than it is today, and for a long time the feet seemed hopeless, but at last, after long and tedious effort,

BOSTON & MAINE B. R.

EASTERN DIVISION.

Summer Arrangement, In Effect June 24.

Trains Leave Portsmouth

For Boston, 3:50, 7:30, 7:35, 8:15, 10:55, 11:05 a.m., 1:35, 2:21, 5:30, 6:35, 7:25 p.m. Sunday, 3:50, 8:00 a.m., 2:21, 5:30 p.m.

For Portland, 7:35, 9:55, 10:45 a.m., 2:45, 8:00, 10:30 p.m. Sunday, 8:30, 10:45 a.m., 8:50, 11:20 p.m.

For Wells Beach, 7:35, 9:55 a.m., 2:45, 5:22 p.m. Sunday, 8:30 a.m.

For Old Orchard and Portland, 7:35, 9:55 a.m., 2:45, 5:22 p.m. Sunday, 8:30, 10:45 a.m.

For North Conway, 9:55, 11:16 a.m., 3:00 p.m.

For Somersworth, 4:50, 7:35, 9:45, 9:55, 11:16 a.m., 2:40, 3:00, 5:22, 5:30 p.m. Sunday, 8:30 a.m., 1:30, 5:00, 5:30 p.m.

For Rochester, 9:45, 9:55, 11:18 a.m., 2:40, 3:00, 5:22, 5:30 p.m. Sunday, 8:30, 10:45 a.m., 1:30, 5:00, 5:30 p.m.

For Dover, 4:50, 7:35, 9:45 a.m., 12:25, 2:40, 5:22, 8:55 p.m. Sunday, 8:30, 10:45 a.m., 1:30, 5:00, 5:30 p.m.

For North Hampton and Hampton, 7:30, 7:35, 8:15, 11:05 a.m., 1:35, 2:21, 5:00 p.m. Sunday, 8:00 a.m., 2:21, 5:00, 6:35 p.m.

Trains for Portsmouth

Leave Boston, 6:00, 7:30, 9:00, 9:40, 10:10, 11:16 a.m., 1:30, 3:15, 3:30, 4:45, 7:00, 9:45 p.m. Sunday, 4:30, 8:20, 9:00 a.m., 6:40, 7:00, 9:45 p.m.

Leave Portland, 2:00, 8:00 a.m., 12:45, 1:40, 6:00 p.m. Sunday, 2:00 a.m., 12:45 p.m.

Leave North Conway, 7:25, 10:40 a.m., 3:15 p.m.

Leave Rochester, 7:10, 9:47 a.m., 12:49, 5:30 p.m. Sunday, 7:00 a.m.

Leave Somersworth, 6:35, 7:32, 10:00 a.m., 1:02, 5:44 p.m. Sunday, 12:30, 4:12, 6:35 p.m.

Leave Dover, 6:55, 8:10, 10:24 a.m., 1:40, 4:25, 6:30, 9:20 p.m. Sunday, 7:30 a.m., 12:45, 4:25, 9:20 p.m.

Leave Hampton, 7:50, 9:22, 11:48 a.m., 2:13, 4:26, 4:59, 6:15 p.m. Sunday, 6:20, 10:00 a.m., 8:09 p.m.

Leave North Hampton, 8:02, 9:28, 12:04 a.m., 2:19, 4:31, 5:05, 6:21 p.m. Sunday, 8:30, 10:12 a.m., 8:15 p.m.

Leave Greenland, 8:08, 9:35 a.m., 12:10, 2:25, 5:11, 6:27 p.m. Sunday, 6:35, 10:18 a.m., 8:20 p.m.

SOUTHERN DIVISION.

PORTRSMOUTH BRANCH

Trains leave the following stations for Manchester, Concord and intermediate stations:

Portsmouth, 17:32, 8:30 a.m.; 12:45, 5:25 p.m. Sunday \$5 20 p.m.

Greenglass Village, 7:40, 8:30 a.m.; 12:54, 5:30 p.m. Sunday \$5 20 p.m.

Rockingham Junction, 7:52, 9:07 a.m.; 1:07, 5:50 p.m. Sunday \$5 52 p.m.

Epping, 8:05, 9:22 a.m.; 1:21, 6:14 p.m. Sunday, \$8 08 p.m.

Raymond, 8:17, 9:32 a.m.; 1:32, 6:25 p.m. Sunday, \$8 18 p.m.

Returning leave

Concord, 7:45, 10:25 a.m.; 12:50, 3:30 p.m. Sunday, \$7 25 a.m.

Manchester, \$8 30, 11:10 a.m.; 3:20, 4:20 p.m. Sunday, \$8 10 a.m.

Raymond, 9:10, 11:43 a.m.; 1:35, 5:02 p.m. Sunday, \$8 55 a.m.

Epping, 9:22 a.m., 12:00 p.m.; 1:40, 5:15 p.m. Sunday, \$8 07 a.m.

Rockingham Junction, 9:47 a.m., 12:17, 4:24, 5:55 p.m. Sunday, \$9 27 a.m.

Greenland Village, 10:01 a.m., 12:20 4:38, 6:08 p.m. Sunday, \$9 41 a.m.

Trains connect at Rockingham Junction for Exeter, Dover, Lawrence and Boston. Trains connect at Manchester and Concord for Plymouth, Woodsboro, Lancaster, St. Johnsbury, Newbury, Vt., Montreal and the west.

* North Hampton only.

† Monday only July 8—Sept. 2 inc.

§ Sunday only July 7—Sept. 1 inc.

|| Saturday only July 6—Aug. 31 inc.

Information given, through tickets sold and baggage checked to all points at the station.

D. J. FLANDERS, G. P. & T. A.

YORK HARBOR & BEACH R. R.

Leave Portsmouth, 7:50, 11:20 a.m., 12:45, 3:07, 4:55, 6:45 p.m.

Leave York Beach, 6:45, 9:50 a.m., 12:10, 1:25, 4:10, 5:45 p.m.

D. J. FLANDERS, G. T. & P. A.

U. S. NAVY FERRY LAUNCH, NO. 132.

GOVERNMENT BOAT, FOR GOVERNMENT BUSINESS.

Leaves Navy Yard—8:20, 8:40, 9:15, 10:00, 10:30, 11:45 a.m., 1:35, 2:00, 3:00, 4:00, 5:00, 5:45, 6:45 p.m. Sundays, 10:00, 10:15 a.m., 12:15, 12:35 p.m.

Holidays, 9:30, 10:30, 11:30 a.m.

Leaves Portsmouth—8:30, 8:50, 9:30, 10:15, 11:00 a.m., 12:15, 1:45, 2:15, 3:30, 4:30, 5:30, 6:00, 7:00 p.m. Sundays, 10:07, a.m., 12:05, 12:25, 12:45 p.m. Holidays, 10:00, 11:00 a.m., 12:00 p.m.

* Wednesdays and Saturdays

SEMI-WEEKLY TAKE DAILY

Ideal Tourist Except Sunday

Route VIA PROVIDENCE

LAT TRAIN 3:42 P.M.

South Station

to \$2.00

New York

Leave New York Pier 81, E River P.M.

Buffalo via N. Y. & Hudson River

Lowest Rates Out of Boston.

Tickets and information at 214 Washington St., Boston. GLO & FILTON, Pres. A.G.

WILL REGENERATE FOUL AIR

Novel and Important Invention of Two French Scientists.

It appears from an article in a recent number of *La Nature* that some time last year Desgres and Balthazard called attention to a substance which is used in dyeing and which in contact with water becomes decomposed into oxygen and soda. The substance is called binoxide of sodium, and in some experiments performed at the Faculty of Medicine lately it was shown that animals could be kept alive for hours in closed vessels by regenerating the exhausted air with this chemical. This led to the discovery that by throwing binoxide of sodium in small quantities into water in a hermetically sealed vessel a sufficient quantity of oxygen was disengaged for respiration, while the soda simultaneously formed fixed the expired carbonic acid of the air, and that at the same time a destruction by oxidation of the toxins in the gas from the lungs took place.

Lettuce has a soothing, quieting effect upon the nerves and is an insomnia remedy.

Potatoes should be eschewed by those who "have a horror of getting fat," as that is one penalty of eating them.

Watercress is a good all round brace up for the system.

Spinach has medicinal properties and qualities equal to the most judicious of all blue pills ever made.

Parsnips, it is now contended by scientists, possess almost the same virtues that are claimed for sarsaparilla.

Beets are fattening, even moderately learned men will explain, because of the sugar they contain.

Asparagus is efficacious in kidney ailments to an extent that is not yet perhaps thoroughly appreciated.

A NEW VEGETABLE.

Voandzou is the title of a curious plant which is now interesting several European scientists. Of these the most enthusiastic is M. Balland. He recently read a paper about voandzou and pointed out that this plant is the only one which is known to possess in proper proportion all the elements that are required to form a suitable nourishment for man. Voandzou is scientifically known as cycine, or Voandzou subterranea, and is a native of intertropical Africa, where it is widely cultivated by negroes.

FRUIT FOR BREAKFAST.

A writer in *The Pilgrim* says: I beg to enter a protest against the habit of serving fruit to adults or children as the first course for breakfast. The condition of the juices of the stomach and intestines in the early morning are, in my judgment, not such as to make fruit very digestible at this time. Serve your grain of whatever kind you please, then some bread and last of all fruit.

SOME CARNEGIE METHODS.

Quick Work in Unloading Ore From the Cars at the Furnaces.

James N. Hatch in *The Engineering Magazine* tells how ore is handled at the Carnegie furnaces. He says:

AIR RENEWING APPARATUS IN POSITION.

It is irreproachable, in metaphic gases as well as in water, and, though this has been done by a number of devices, in all of them it has been necessary after a short time, say an hour, to employ a pump to re-enforce them with air. But in the arrangement of the above named inventors the appliance itself suffices, for it manufactures new air as it is needed without the intervention of any auxiliary machinery.

The apparatus is composed of three distinct parts combined into one. There is a prismatic steel box to contain and distribute the binoxide of sodium as it may be required, which is divided into compartments by ten horizontal shelves, one above the other. Each of these carries a supply of the chemical. With them there is connected a clock-work movement which causes each one to turn in succession at definite intervals of time. This causes the contents to fall into a cubical steel box containing water, and a small fan actuated by an electric motor operated by accumulators produces a continuous circulation of the vivified and regenerated air in the apparatus and in the small space inclosing the subject.

As the air becomes somewhat heated in the process of its regeneration it is made to pass in its exit through a refrigeratory, which reduces it to its normal temperature.

THE KITSON OIL LAMP.

The Kitson oil lamp, which seems to be meeting with some favor in London, Portland place being now lighted by means of it, uses petroleum stored in cylinders partly filled with air under 40 or 50 pounds pressure. From the cylinder a narrow bore copper pipe is carried to a vaporizing tube over the burners. When the cock is opened and the burner lighted, the oil and air which are forced by the pressure into the heated vaporizer are vaporized and are burned as a gas for heating an ordinary incandescent mantle—like the Welshbit, for instance. The makers claim that the Kitson lamp is for equal candle power the cheapest form of illumination known.

A new departure in lightships, it appears, is about to be inaugurated at Ottor rock, Italy. The ship is to have no crew and is to be worked by the compound gas system. Two large gas holders built upon it will contain much gas as will light the lantern for several months. As the gas escapes from the holders to the lantern it operates a mechanism by which a bell placed in a belfry on the deck is rung. These rocks mark a particularly dangerous part of the coast, and the experiment will be watched with much interest.

LIGHT FROM LIQUID GAS.

Important scientific advances have been made by Walter Scott Strowger, the inventor, in studying the nature of his new liquid gas. He has, it is reported, succeeded in liquefying it at pleasure, and in producing it by cold chemical process. It is claimed he can also compress it so that a quantity can be placed in a bottle, and by placing a pipe with a gas burner on top the gas will be turned and a brilliant light will result, as from the regular gas of a candle.

When dried, the film is wound on spools in boxes, and no gleam of light must strike it until at the proper moment it is held behind the camera lens for one-twentieth part of a second every two inches of its entirety. Even then it must be guarded from stray beams until developed and fixed in the photographic factory.

VERY COSTLY CAMERA.

During the sojourn of the sultan of Morocco in London an English firm made for him a camera at a cost of \$10,500. It differed in no way from the ordinary quarter plate-size (2 1/4 by 4 1/4) except that all the metal work was constructed of gold, including the screws and the holders for retaining the plates.

A MAMMOTH PLATE.

A photographic plate 8 feet long by 4 feet 8 inches wide has recently been made. This plate, which is said to be the largest ever made, is to be used in making a photograph of St. Paul and Minneapolis from a balloon.

THE COST OF A SONG.

Over and over and over the songs of our life are sung.

The same today as in ages gray when first the lute was strung.

The same today as in ages gray the singer's highest art is to sing of man and the soul of man from the depths of the human heart.

To sing the song that lingers in his heart from that far day.

When men were brave and women fair and life was in its May.

Is the singer's pair of gladness when he gives his soul to man.

In a song that lives because sweet pain has changed his earlier plan.

The lark, the harvest and the bin and all life's spreading plain.

To the singer must be singing it he man's soul would gain.

Man in his soul unsatisfied strives for what cannot be.

He grasps at a star and holds in his hand a drop from the sounding sea.

Over and over and over, since the towers of time were old.

Over and over and over, since the cloud gave the sun its gold.

THE HERALD.

FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 6, 1901.

CITY BRIEFS

The public schools open next Monday.

Who repairs your shoes? John Mott, 31 Congress St.

The weather kickers have nothing to say these days.

The potato crop is coming in much better than was expected a month ago.

Portsmouth day at Hampton Beach was a great success in every way. Good crowd, good weather and a good time.

"Now good digestion waits on appetite, and health on both."

If it doesn't, try Burdock Blood Bitters.

The annual outing of the agents of the Portsmouth Brewing company was held on Thursday, and was a grand success.

Diphtheria, sore throat, croup. Instant relief, permanent cure. Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil. At any drug store.

A busy winter season is expected at the plant of the Frank Jones Bottling company, commencing in October.

Terrible plagues, those itching, pestering diseases of the skin. Put an end to misery. Dr. L. Ointment cures. At any drug store.

The Old Ladies will have a meeting of special importance, in their hall, on Saturday afternoon at three o'clock. By order of the Noble lady.

No need to fear sudden attacks of cholera infantum, dysentery, diarrhoea, summer complaint of any sort if you have Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry in the medicine chest.

The Rev. Irving C. Tomlinson, the eminent Christian Scientist, was among the visitors at this office today, having come from Concord on Thursday evening to attend the lecture of Judge Ewing in Philbrick Hall.

ON CHRISTIAN SCIENCE.

The Lecture of Judge William G. Ewing of Chicago in Philbrick Hall Well Attended.

Quite a large number of auditors attended the lecture by Judge William G. Ewing of Chicago, in Philbrick hall on Thursday evening, on Christian Science. All were greatly pleased with the speaker. The audience was large. Among those present was Irving C. Tomlinson, of the Christian Science church in Concord, and a valuable assistant to Mrs. Mary Baker Eddy.

The most prominent paragraphs of the speech of Judge Ewing were in the following words:

"The most potent objection urged by the older churches against their own conception of Christian Science is that it is sheer impurity for any man or woman to assert that he or she is clothed with the power of God to heal the sick. The striking weakness of this objection is that Christian Scientists do not profess, in any degree, any such power. Christian Scientists simply assert, as it was declared in the time of Jesus, that the power that heals the sick is the power of God. Now if it is true that the health giving power is of God, and it is also true that God's power and love are as great now as they were in the morning of the Christian era, then, tell me, is there anything strange in the fact that the lame do walk and the blind do see, today, as they did walk and see nineteen hundred years ago? On the contrary, would it not strike your human sense of justice as passing strange, with God's power and love for men unchanged, that He should not manifest that power and love to His children, as He really did in the time of Jesus. But, really, about the only difference between our thought respecting the power and willingness of God to heal the sick, so far as I can discern it, is 'about this: You say you believe it, and do not trust it; we believe it, and do trust it; you say you believe with Paul that in God you live and move and have your being—and go to the doctor or the drug store for your life and health; we believe with Paul that in God we have life, health and immortality, and go to God, and God only, for life and health."

J. H. Gardiner
10 & 12 Daniel St. Portsmouth

DELIVERY

COAL

IN BAGS!

NO DUST

NO NOISE

111 Market St. Telephone 24-4.

ESTABLISHED IN 1872.

C. E. BOYNTON,

BOTTLERS OF ALL KINDS OF

Summer Drinks,

Ginger Ale, Lemonade, Root Beer
Tonic, Vanil Orange and Strawberry Beer, Coffee, Chocolate and Soda Water in syphons for hotel and family use. Fountains charged at short notice.

Bottles of Ehring and Milwaukee Lager, Porter, Refined Cider, Cream and Stock Ale.

ORDERS PROMPTLY FILLED

A continuance of patronage is solicited from former customers and the public in general, and every endeavor will be made to fill all order promptly and in a satisfactory manner.

C. E. Boynton

16 Bow Street Portsmouth

CEMETERY LOTS CARED FOR

AND TURFING DONE

With increased facilities the subscriber is prepared to take charge and keep in order the following of the cemeteries of the city as may be intrusted to his care. He will also give careful attention to the turfing and grading of the lawns, the cutting and removal of trees and shrubs, and the removal of bodies. In addition to work at the cemeteries he will do turfing and grading in the city at short notice.

Cemetery lots for sale, also, Lawns and Turf.

Orders left at his residence, corner of High and Market and North street, or by mail, or left with Oliver V. Hammon, corner of S. E. Fletcher and Market street, will receive prompt attention.

M. J. GRIFFIN.

PROBATE COURT.

Large Amount of Business That Had Accumulated Was Transacted Last Week.

Much business was transacted in probate court the past week, owing to the fact that nothing was accomplished during August, when Judge Leavitt was on his vacation. Transactions were as follows:

Wills proved—Elizabeth H. Leped, Brentwood, Elizabeth S. Wilkins, executrix; Elizabeth Wykoff, Derry, John E. Bancroft and Joseph A. Wykoff, executors; Mary D. Kerr, Derry, Julia N. Robinson, executrix; Allen Greenough, Portsmouth, Ann M. Greenough, Frank H. Greenough, executors; Eldora A. Pickering, Newington, J. Edward Pickering, Amanda Pickering, Alma A. Henderson, executors; Henry T. Varrell, Rye, Mary J. Varrell, executrix; James Cochran, Windham, James A. Cochran, executor; Emily M. Pierce, Boston, foreign will, no executor; Asa P. Moulton, Hampton, William H. O. Folhusby, executor; Mary D. Treadwell, well, Exeter, Benjamin F. Treadwell, executor; Sarah J. Hanscom, Portsmouth, Charles D. Hanscom, Albert H. Hanscom, executors.

Administration granted in estates of

Louisa Tuck, Brentwood, Joseph R. Webster, administrator; Joanna Leary, Portsmouth, Charles H. Batchelder, administrator; William C. Cotton, Portsmouth, William W. Cotton, administrator; Nancy J. Hobbs, North Hampton, Francis R. Drake, administrator; with will annexed; Sarah E. Nudd, Hampton, Francis R. Drake, administrator; George S. Prescott, Epiping, Edwin A. Prescott, administrator; Caroline A. Johnson, Portsmouth, Charles O. Johnson, administrator; Stephen F. Nichols, Kingston, Perrin W. Nichols, administrator; Martha E. Forbes, Portsmouth, John B. Forbes, administrator; Edwin R. Stevens, Canfield, Hattie L. Stevens, administrator; W. Frances Berry, Portsmouth, John S. Rand, administrator; Macy Muzikiewics, also known as Charles Marcy, Portsmouth, William J. Shuttleworth, administrator; John P. Wilson, London, Jerry, Clarence N. Garvin, administrator; Susan J. Cutts, Exeter, William H. C. Follansby, administrator.

Inventory returned in estates of

Joseph W. Kuse of Newfields, Albert B. Kimball of Northwood, Louisa Tuck of Brentwood, Trueworthy Hill of Northwood, John C. Wheeler of Atkinson,

Mary T. Hull of Salem, Dorothy A. Batchelder of Hampton Falls, Daniel C. Wiggin of Newfields, Abigail H. Simpson of Lowell, Mass., Lydia B. Hilton of Newmarket, Laura F. Wood of Danville, Joseph W. Stockman of South Hampton and Sarah E. Nudd of Hampton.

Account rendered in estates of Clarinda Pettigrew of Brockton, Mass., George Francis Towle of New Castle and Mary Jackson of Portsmouth.

Guardian appointed over Ada P. Healey and Leo G. Healey of Raymond,

Hattie L. Healey guardian; Maud A. Warren of Epping, John L. Warren guardian, Myrtle B. Tilton of Epping, John T. Bartlett guardian.

Receipts filed in estate of Calvin

Boardman of Salem, Fannie A. Lear of New Castle, John Chapman of North

Hampton, Joanna Leary of Portsmouth, Mary A. Nutter of Portsmouth, Daniel

Marcy of Portsmouth, Blanche S. Wiggin of Stratham, Clarinda Pettigrew of Brockton, Mass., George F. Towle of Newcastle and Oliver Nudd of Hampton.

Distribution to legatees in estate of

John Senter of Portsmouth.

License to sell real estate returned to

estate of Charles W. Marden of Ports-

mouth.

Commissioner's notice filed in estate of

Nathan Pulsifer of Deerfield, Lewis

E. Kimball of Northwood and Tabitha

R. Tilton of Exeter.

Commissioner's report accepted in

estate of John G. Ordway of Epping.

Appointment of agent in estate of

Elizabeth H. Larad of Brentwood,

Perley Gardner of Exeter agent; James

Cochran of Windham, William D.

Cochran agent; Mary D. Carr of Derry,

Greenway K. Bartlett agent.

TIRDED MOTHERS.

It's hard work to take care of children and to cook, sweep, wash, sew and mend besides.

It makes a shop of the home—a shop, too, where sixteen hours make a day and yet there is much working overtime.

Hood's Sarsaparilla helps tired mothers in many ways—it refreshes the blood, improves the appetite, and assures restful sleep.

DURHAM AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE OPENED.

The New Hampshire college of agriculture and the mechanic arts opened on Thursday with an unusually large freshman class. About 40 first year students have registered and more are expected during the week. Nearly all the members of the three upper classes were present at the opening address by President Markland.

PROBATE COURT.

THOUSANDS AT HAMPTON.

Portsmouth Day A Great Occasion At The Beach.

There have been many great crowds at Hampton Beach since it became a popular resort, but all previous records in this respect were eclipsed on Thursday, which was Portsmouth day there. It seemed as if fully three fourths of Portsmouth's entire population had shut up house and shop, to take in the outing. The throng was swelled by hundreds of excursionists from Concord, Manchester, Somersworth, Dover and other cities, who were favored with special rates of transportation over the Boston and Maine, for the day.

At six o'clock in the evening, it was estimated, and conservatively, too, by the officials of the Exeter, Hampton and Amesbury electric railway, who had an excellent opportunity to judge, that twenty thousand people were either congregated at the beach or on the way thither.

The Portsmouth bound cars averaged more than 130 fares, from seven o'clock until midnight. Men and women alike clung to the running boards or stood between the seats, and the conductors had a hard time of it.

In the afternoon there was a base ball game between two Portsmouth teams, styled the Independents and the Firemen. The Independents had Frank Newick in the box and Tilley catching, and they won so handily that the game was not very interesting. Parsons and Goodrich started in as the battery for the Firemen, but Parsons was batted so freely in the first four or five innings that he retired to second base. Newick had burning speed and very fine control. He struck out such a reliable batter as Will Woods. Dennis Lynch covered short field cleverly for the Firemen. The score was twenty-four to thirteen.

Through the efforts of County Solicitor Kelley, who is a true base ball enthusiast, quite a liberal contribution had been secured from the business and professional men of this city, which went to the winning team.

After the game the two nines were treated to a first class supper of courses in the Casino dining hall, through the hospitality of President Lovell of the Exeter, Hampton and Amesbury road. Manager Harry Fuller saw that the best of the culinary department afforded was set before the party.

There was plenty of music at the beach during the afternoon, a half dozen good bands being in attendance to compete in the annual tournament. Early in the evening 166 of the bandmen consolidated and gave a splendid hour's concert. The director was Prof. Henri G. Blaisdell of Concord.

Among the organizations present were the Naval band, Nevers' Second Regiment band of Concord, Hanson's American band of Rochester, Lafayette band of Somersworth, Newburyport Cadet band, Haydill City band and the American Watch Co. band of Waltham, Mass.

A dance wound up the holiday. It was the greatest date of the season at Hampton, and another Portsmouth day is assured for next season.

NEW DRY DOCK.

All Stone Will Be in Place Within Seven Months.

Superintendent of Dry Dock Lee Treadwell is more than pleased with the progress of work on the mammoth new dock. He remarked on Thursday that he would have all the stone laid in less than seven months. The fact that the laying of the stone will mean the completion of the work outside of installing the pumps and gate, it will appear that the dock should be ready for use before next July. When completed it will be the finest dock in the world.

Chief Electrician Flanagan and force of men are making some changes in the wiring of the U. S. S. Yankton.

Several of the large and small steam pumps taken out of the Raleigh when she was stripped have been put back in their place after extensive repairing.

Clerk John W. Leavitt of the general store is to move his family to this city from Dover and will occupy the Howard Dodge house on Maplewood avenue.

All the old different metals taken from the Spanish warships and Raleigh have been stored back of the steam engineering foundry and are now being melted into small pigs and used when needed. The Spanish boat contained a great lot of this metal said to be the finest seen on a warship at this yard for years.

HARBOR FRONT NEWS.

Sailed, Sept. 6—Schooner Annie F. Conlon, coal port.

In lower harbor, Sept. 6—Steam yacht Genesee.

Arrived, Sept. 6—Tug Carbonero,

Philadelphia for Boston, leaving barge

Monitor, with coal; tug Wyalusing,

Perth Amboy for Saco, leaving barge

Bristol, with coal; schooner Hattie

Lewis, Boston for Eliot, light; tug

Edward Luckenback, Boston for New

port News; tug Wrestler, Perth Amboy

for Boston, leaving barge Drifton, with

coal; schooner Clara B. Keenard, Bos-

ton for Eliot, light; tug Tacony, Phila-

delphia, leaving barge Durby, with

coal; tug Piscataqua, Boston, towing

barge P. N. Co. No. 9, light, for Saco;

barge P. N. Co. No. 10, for York; barge

New Castle, for Eliot.

HORSE STOLEN.

A valuable horse and buggy owned

by Hon. H. A. Yeaton was stolen from

the front of the store on Market street

between 2 and 5 p. m. on Thursday and

the thief has been traced as far as Roch-

ester.

AS AID TO COMMANDANT.